

वी.वी. गिरि राष्ट्रीय श्रम संस्थान

(श्रम एवं रोजगार मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार का स्वायत्त निकाय)

V.V. GIRI NATIONAL LABOUR INSTITUTE

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डॉ. एच. श्रीनिवास. भारे.का.से. महानिदेशक Dr. H. Srinivas, IRPS Director General

No. PRG/WKS/08/21 February 21, 2022

Subject:

Online National Workshop on 'Labour Development: Role of Panchayati Raj Institutions' to be held on 9th March, 2022.

Dear Sir/Madam.

The Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) have been playing a very important role in promoting local community's social and economic development along with labour development, among others. I have pleasure to inform you that with this backdrop, the institute would be organizing an Online National Workshop on 'Labour Development: Role of Panchayati Raj Institutions' on 9th March, 2022. The purpose is to facilitate local institutions that are democratic, autonomous, financially strong, and capable of formulating and implementing plans for their respective areas, providing decentralized administration to the people including those who are at work with the understanding of the consequences of the COVID 19 pandemic.

The objectives of the workshop are:

- To discuss the contribution of the Panchayati Raj Institutions' (PRIs);
- · To deliberate on the Role of PRIs in strengthening economic development in the wake of COVID 19 pandemic;
- · To understand the prospects of PRIs as an effective mechanism for development of labour and also for the implementation of the Central and State Government Schemes.

The Brochure attached will provide all the details of the workshop, including the modalities for nominations is attached. I request you to nominate at least 10 participants including the elected representatives of PRIs and officials dealing with the Local government bodies in your district for this important online workshop.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

Dr. H. Srinivas)

All District Collectors/District Magistrates/Dy. Commissioners in all the States of India





Azadi Ka Amrut Mahotsav

(Iconic Week 7th to 13th March 2022)

National Workshop

on

"Labour Development: Role of Panchyati Raj Institutions (9th March 2022)

V.V. Giri National Labour Institute

(Ministry of Labour & Employment)

Background

Panchayati Raj is a form of government at the village level where each village is responsible for its own development activities. The Amendment Act of 1992 contains provision for passing the powers and responsibilities to the panchayat for preparation of plans for economic development and social justice. Panchayati Raj is a system of governance in which Gram Panchayats are the basic units of administration. India has amended its constitution in the year 1992 with the commitment to strengthen the grassroots-level democracy by decentralizing governance and empowering local bodies. The creation of this new three-tier system of local governance, by the passing of the 73rd and 74th constitutional amendments, provided constitutional status to rural and urban local bodies, ensuring a degree of uniformity in their structure and functioning across the country.

Panchayat Raj Institutions are involved in rural development through their participation in planning and execution at the village level. Gram Sabha, which is an integral part of the Panchayat system, is being empowered to involve all the people in the decentralized planning. objective is to provide essential services and facilities to the rural population, supply improved seeds to farmers and inform them of new farming techniques, set up and run schools and libraries in rural areas, start primary health centers and hospitals in villages; start vaccination drives against epidemics, execute plans for the development of the Scheduled Castes and Tribes; run Ashram Schools for tribal (adivasi) children and set up free hostels for them, encourage entrepreneurs to start small-scale industries and implement rural employment schemes, construct bridges, roads and other public facilities and their maintenance, provide employment, works on sanitation related issues among other activities. The Panchayats also contribute significantly in the efforts in employment generation and growth of small and cottage industries, encourage farmers and labourers to contribute in agriculture in more scientific way and also in other related sectors assuring a sense of security among the people.

Various Schemes have been launched by the Government under PRIs for the benefit of labourers aiming at providing wage employment to the people. Preference was given to agricultural wage earners, non-agricultural skilled wage earners, marginal farmers, women, members of the Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, parents of child labourers withdrawn from hazardous occupations and parents of handicapped children or adults with handicapped parents. The National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005, is to provide livelihood safety to rural families and to strengthen the economic conditions of rural labour and to give them an opportunity to live with dignity. The unique feature of the schemeis that when a registered job card holder fails to get work within 15 days of his application to the Gram Panchayat, she/he is entitled to get unemployment allowance as per the law.

Objectives

In this context, the workshop seeks to discuss the

- Evolution of PRIs
- ➤ Role of PRIs in strengthening economic development and implementation of Central and State Government Schemes including those 29 subjects listed in the Eleventh Schedule of the Constitutional 73rd and 74th Amendment Act 1993
- Prospects of PRIs as effective mechanism for Development of Labour

TRAINING DELIVERY AND METHODOLOGY

- This workshop will be delivered in an online mode. The workshop will primarily make use of lectures, case studies and experience sharing. It will also include activity, self-assessment inventory, group discussions and thus be participative in nature.
- Participants should have access to internet and computer with audio-visual facilities

PARTICIPATION LEVEL

The workshop will bring together experts, Elected Representatives of PRIsand Tribal Councils, Practitioners working in PRIs and labour issues, including scholars from academia, government (Ministries concerned), Government Departments/organizations, international organizations, Civil Society Organization and others dealing with PRIs.

DATE

- This workshop is scheduled on March 09, 2022
- Online workshop would be held from 10.30 a.m. to 04:30 p.m.

NOMINATION AND ENROLMENT

The nominations of those interested in participating in this workshop, can be sent either through organisations or individually.

• Please fill in the linked registration form and submit it. Without registration form, nomination will not be considered.

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAlpQLSdAhOKBEww36ul_ehf7XqE7yThyCOd-l-Bn0EVZmGiAN3ylkA/viewform?usp=sf_link

- The registration link should be sent through soft copy to the nominees. Link will not open if sent through photo copy. Nominees can also use link given in our website brochure.
- The nominations received will be intimated individually via email. They will also be informed the log in details to access the online workshop and related resources.

WORKSHOP COORDINATOR

Dr. Helen R. Sekar, Senior Fellow, VVGNLI

COMMUNICATION

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